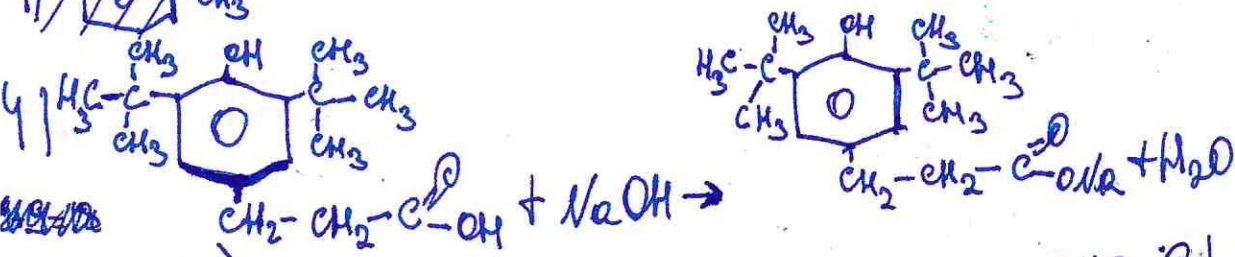
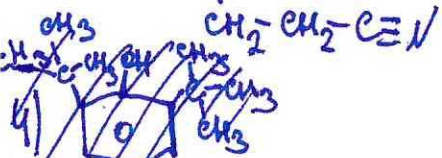
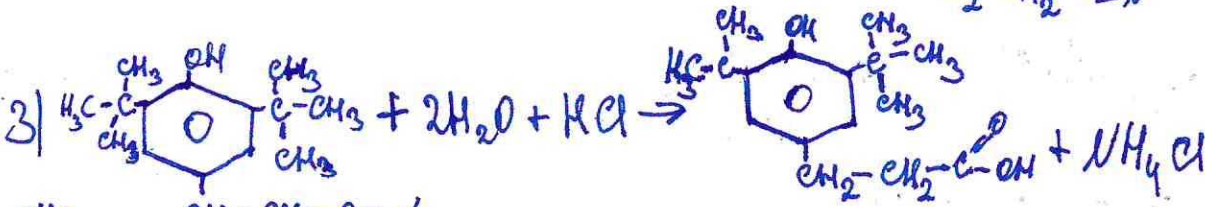
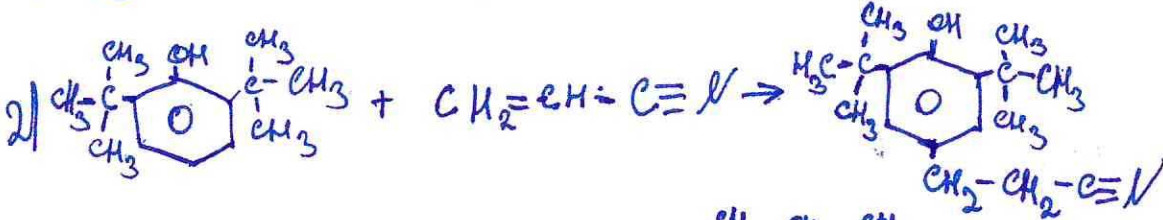
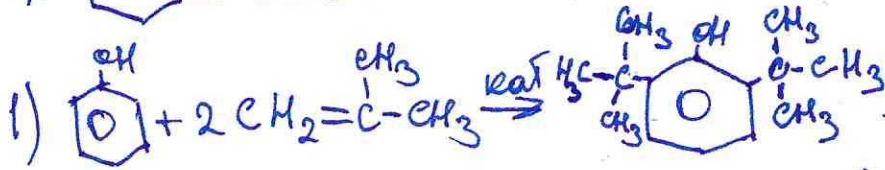
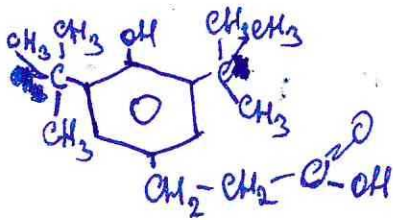


№.2 №.2

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
6	6	0	3	4	2	12	0	0	18

51



$$m(C_{17}H_{26}O_3) = \frac{c \cdot V_{p-pa} \cdot M \cdot V_k}{V_n} = \frac{0,1 \cdot 900645 \cdot 278 \cdot 0,1}{0,01} = 1,7931 \text{ г}$$

$$\omega(C_{17}H_{26}O_3) = \frac{1,7931}{1,990} = 0,901 \cdot 100\% = 90,1\%$$



СЕЧЕНОВСКИЙ  
УНИВЕРСИТЕТ



18

# №7.2

- 1)  $CH_3-CH_2-Br + NaC \equiv N \rightarrow CH_3-CH_2-C \equiv N + NaBr$  + 2
- 2)  $CH_3-CH_2-C \equiv N + 2H_2O_2 \rightarrow CH_3-CH_2-C(=O)-NH_2 + H_2O + O_2$  - + 2
- 3)  $CH_3-CH_2-C(=O)-NH_2 + H_2O \xrightarrow{H^+} CH_3-CH_2-C(=O)-OH + NH_3$  + 2
- 4)  $CH_3-CH_2-Br + Mg \xrightarrow{\text{эфир}} CH_3-CH_2-MgBr$  2
- 5)  $CH_3-CH_2-MgBr + CO_2 \rightarrow CH_3-CH_2-C(=O)-OMgBr$  2
- 6)  $CH_3-CH_2-C(=O)-OMgBr + H_2O \xrightarrow{H^+} CH_3-CH_2-C(=O)-OH + MgOHBr$  2

# №8.2

Дана  $\frac{M_{ср}}{M(H_2)} \Rightarrow 6,5 \cdot 4 = 26$

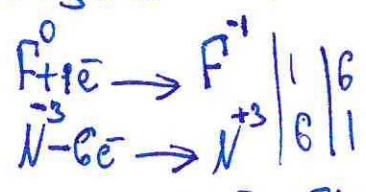
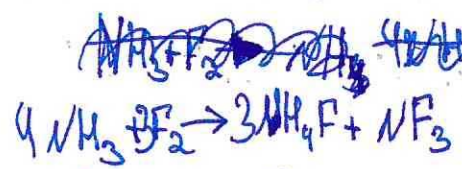
Пусть  $n(NH_3) = x, n(F_2) = y$   $\frac{n_1 \cdot d_1 + n_2 \cdot d_2}{n_1 + n_2}$

$\frac{17x + 38y}{x + y} = 26; 12y = 9x; y = 0,75x$

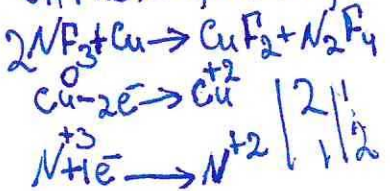
12



$M(F_2) = 38,4 = 3,168 \cdot 22,4 = 71 \text{ г/моль} \Rightarrow 14 + 19y = 71$   
 $19y = 57$   
 $y = 3$

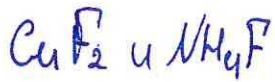


$M(F_2) = 38,4 \cdot 2,24 = 104 \text{ г/моль} \Rightarrow 4x + 19y = 104$   
 $x = 2, y = 3$   
 $4 \cdot 2 + 19 \cdot 3 = 104$





Answers



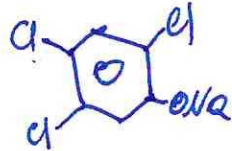
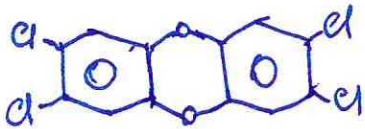
$n(NH_4F) = 0,75x$

$n(CuF_2) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0,25x = 0,125x$

$w(CuF_2) = \frac{0,125 \cdot 64 + 38}{0,125 \cdot 102 + 0,75 \cdot 37} = \frac{12,75 \cdot 100}{405} = 0,315 \cdot 100 = 31,5\%$

$w(NH_4F) = 100 - 31,5 = 68,5\%$

N1.2



$n(A) = 5x$

$n(B) = x$

$m_1 + m_2 = m_{total}$

$5x \cdot 322 + x \cdot 219,5 = 507$

$1829,5x = 507$

$x = 0,277$

$n_1(Cl) = 4 \cdot 5x = 20x = 0,0554 \text{ mol}$

$n_2(Cl) = 3 \cdot x = 3x = 0,0083 \text{ mol}$

$n_{\Sigma}(Cl) = 23x = 0,0621 \text{ mol}$

$m(Cl) = 0,0621 \cdot 35,5 = 2,20455 \text{ g}$

N2.2

1 mol - 5 M

20 mol - x M

$x = \frac{5 \cdot 20}{1} = 100 \text{ M}$

$0,25 \text{ M/mol} = \frac{100}{V}$

$V(\text{раствора}) = \frac{100}{0,25} = 400 \text{ ml}$

6

$$V(\text{добавленного раствора}) = 400 - 20 = 380 \text{ мл}$$

$$\ln \frac{C_0}{C_t} = K_t \cdot t; K_t = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}} = \frac{0,69}{280} = 0,002464$$

$$\ln \frac{100}{Z} = \frac{0,69}{280} \cdot 350 = 0,8625$$

$$\frac{100}{Z} = e^{0,8625} = 2,37$$

$$Z = \frac{100}{2,37} = 42,2$$

№5.2



$$K_s = c(\text{Mg}^{2+}) \cdot c^2(\text{OH}^-)$$

Пусть  $c(\text{Mg}^{2+}) = x$ , тогда  $c^2(\text{OH}^-)$

$$K_s = x \cdot (2x)^2 = 4x^3$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{\frac{K_s}{4}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{6,8 \cdot 10^{-12}}{4}} = \sqrt[3]{1,7 \cdot 10^{-12}} = 1,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

~~$$V = 1,193 \cdot 10^{-4}$$~~

$$V(\text{Mg(OH)}_2) =$$



Пусть  $x(NH_3)_6Cl_3 = 1 \text{ моль}$

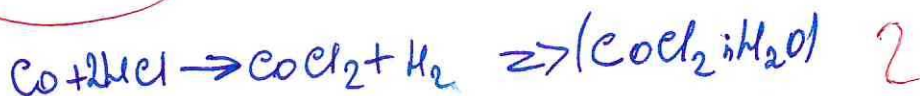
$$W = \frac{x}{x + 102 + 35,5 \cdot 3} = 0,2206$$

$$x = 0,2206(x + 208,5)$$

$$x = 0,2206x + 46$$

$$0,7794x = 46$$

$$x = 59 + 1 \Rightarrow CO$$



Пусть  $(COCl_2 \text{ и } H_2) = 1 \text{ моль}$

~~$$1 + 2 + n/2 + 1 = 1,203$$~~

№4.2



I	C	H
$\frac{96,7}{127} = 0,76$	$\frac{3,05}{12} = 0,25$	$\frac{0,25}{0,25} = 1$
3	1	1

$$n(CH_2I_3) = \frac{17,73}{394} = 0,045 \quad 2$$

n

